MORE CALCULATOR AND COMPUTER PROGRAMS FOR EME



varian, EIMAC division 301 industrial way san carlos, california 94070 The first two programs listed in this EME note are for the TRS-80. Stephen Gayeske, WB5LWS, is the author of these versions of the original program by Lance Collister, WA1JXN.

The HP45 calculator program for the moon azimuth and elevation, allowing for parallax, was supplied by G.D. Wall, ZE2KV. This same program can be used to calculate great circle distance and bearing between two locations on earth.

Brian Manns, K3VGX, submitted the TI58/59 program for determining the sun or moon azimuth and elevation using data from the Nautical Almanac.

MMOON LOCATION PROGRAM FOR LEVEL II 16K TRS-80 RADIO SHACK COMPUTER

```
560 LET P5=2.00000000000x3.1415926535
  570 LET D5=360,0000000000/P5
  580 LET R5=P5/360.0000000000
  590 INPUT "WHAT IS THE LATITUDE IN DEGREES, MINUTES"; L5, U5
  610 INPUT "WHAT IS THE LONGITUDE IN DEGREES, MINUTES"; L6, U6
  630 LET L5=(L5+U5/60)*R5
  640 LET L6=(L6+U6/60)*R5
  650 INPUT WHAT IS THE DESIRED PRINTING INCREMENT IN MINUTES ; I
  670 INPUT DO YOU ONLY WANT FRINTOUT WHEN THE MOON IS NEAR THE HORIZON"; B$
  700 IF B#="YES" THEN 730
  710 LET I6=100
  720 GOTO 800
  730 INPUT BELOW WHAT ELEV. IN DEGREES DO YOU WANT PRINTOUT TO OCCUR $16$
  750 INPUT "WHAT ARE THE GMT MONTH, DAY, YEAR DESIRED"; M, D, Y
  780 IF M=0 THEN END
  790 GCTD 900
  800 INPUT WHAT ARE THE GMT MONTH, DAY, YEAR, TIME INTERVAL (BEGINNING, ENDING) DESIRE
  D";M,D,Y,B,E1
 840 IF M=0 THEN END
  880 IF B$="YES" THEN 900
  890 GOTO 1000
  900 E1=2400
  910 B=0
  920 GOTO 1000
  980 LET Y1=Y-(INT(Y/100) *100)
  1000 PRINT
  1010 PRINT"POSITION OF MOON ON " ;M;"/";D;"/";Y;" ";B;"-";E1" GMT ="
  1020 PRINT
  1030 FRINT" GMT"; TAB(15) "AZ"; TAB(30) "EL"; TAB(45) "GHA"; TAB(60) "DEC"
  1040 PRINT" ---"; TAB(15)"--"; TAB(30)"--"; TAB(45)"---"; TAB(60)"---"
  1050 PRINT
  1060 LET I1=2
  1070 REM HERE BEGINS CALCULATION OF JULIAN DATE
  1080 IF M>=3 THEN 1160
  1090 IF INT((Y-1853)/4)<11 THEN 1120
  1100 LET C1=-1
  1110 GOTO 1130
  1120 LET C1=0
1130 LET J1=365*(Y-1853)+D+30*(M+9)+INT((M+10)/2)
  1140 LET J2=INT((Y-1853)/4)+1+C1
  1150 GOTO 1270
  1160 IF INT((Y-1852)/4)<11 THEN 1190
  1170 LET C1=-1
  1180 GOTO 1200
  1190 LET C1=0
  1200 IF M=9 THEN 1240
  1210 IF M=11 THEN 1240
  1220 LET C2=0
  1230 GOTO 1250
  1240 LET C2=1
  1250 J1=365*(Y-1852)+D+30*(M-3)+INT((M-2)/2)
  1260 LET J2=INT((Y-1852)/4)+C1+C2
  1270 LET J=J1+J2
  1275 REM (JULIAN DATE-2397547.5) FOR 0 HOURS GMT
  1280 LET T1=J-17472.5
  1290 LET D9 =(B-INT(B/100)*100)+INT(B/100)*60
  1300 LET D6=(E1-INT(E1/100)*100)+INT(E1/100)*60
```

```
1310 LET D7=D9-D6
 1320 LET D8=D7-I
 1330 IF D7>0 THEN 1350
1340 GOTO 1380
1350 IF D8>=0 THEN 2240
1360 LET B=E1
1380 LET T=(B-INT(B/100)*100)/1440+INT(B/100)/24
1390 LET T5=T1+T
1400 K1=((,751213+,036601102*T5)-INT(,751213+,036601102*T5))*P5
1410 K2=((.822513+.0362916457*T5)-INT(.822513+.0362916457*T5))*F5
1420 K3=((.995766+.00273777852*T5)-INT(.995766+.00273777852*T5))*P5
1430 K4=((.974271+.0338631922*T5)-INT(.974271+.0338631922*T5))*P5
1440 K5=((.0312525+.0367481957*T5)-INT(.0312525+.0367481957*T5))*P5
1450 LET L8=K1+.658*R5*SIN(2*K4)+6.289*R5*SIN(K2)
1460 LET L8=L8-1.274*R5*SIN(K2-2*K4)-.186*R5*SIN(K3)
1470 LET L8=L8+.214*R5*SIN(2*K2)-.114*R5*SIN(2*K5)
1480 LET L8=L8-.059*R5*SIN(2*K2-2*K4)-.057*R5*SIN(K2+K3-2*K4)
1490 LET K6=K5+.6593*R5*SIN(2*K4)+6.2303*R5*SIN(K2)-1.272*R5*SIN(K2-2*K4)
1500 LET L7=5.144*R5*SIN(K6)-.146*R5*SIN(K5-2*K4)
1520 LET D1=COS(L7)*SIN(L8)*.397821+SIN(L7)*.917463
1530 LET D1=ATN(D1/(SQR(1-D1-2)))
1540 LET A2=COS(L7)*COS(L8)/COS(D1)
1550 LET A1=(COS(L7)*SIN(L8)*.917463-SIN(L7)*.397821)/COS(D1)
1560 LET A=ATN(A1/A2)
1570 GOSUB 1870
1580 LET R1=A
1590 LET L1=.065709822*T1
1600 LET L=T*24*1.002738+6.646055+(L1-INT(L1/24)*24)
1610 LET L=(L-INT(L/24)*24)
1630 LET G=(L/24)*P5-R1
1640 IF G<P5 THEN 1670
1650 G=G-P5
1660 GOTO 1710
1670 IF G<0 THEN 1690
1680 GOTO 1710
1690 G=G+P5
1710 LET H=L6-G
1730 LET E3=COS(L5)*COS(H)*COS(D1)+SIN(D1)*SIN(L5)
1740 LET E2=SQR(1-(E3*E3))
1750 LET E=ATN(E3/E2)
1760 IF E<0 THEN 2170
1770 IF E>I6*R5 THEN 2170
1790 LET A2=SIN(D1)/(COS(L5)*COS(E))
1800 LET A2=A2-(SIN(L5)/COS(L5))*(SIN(E)/COS(E))
1810 LET A1=SIN(L5) #SIN(D1)+COS(L5) #COS(D1) #COS(H)
1820 LET A1=(SIN(H)*COS(D1))/(SQR(1-A1(2))
1830 LET A=ATN(A1/A2)
1840 GOSUB 1870
1850 GOTO 2020
1860 REM
1870 IF A=0 THEN 1890
1880 GOTO 1930
1890 IF A2<0 THEN 1910
1900 GOTO 2010
1910 LET A=P5/2
1920 GOTO 2010
1930 IF A>0 THEN 1990
1940 IF A2<0 THEN 1970
1950 LET A=P5+A
```

```
1960 GOTO 2010
1970 LET A=P5+(A-P5/2)
1980 GOTO 2010
1990 IF A2>=0 THEN 2010
2000 LET A=A+P5/2
2010 RETURN
2020 IF(T-I1)>(2*I)/1440 THEN 2040
2030 GOTO 2150
2040 FRINT
2150 PRINT (INT(B+.5)); TAB(13)INT(A*D5*10*+.5)/10*2; TAB(28)INT(E*D5*10+.5)/10; TA
B(43)INT(G*D5*10+.5)/10;TAB(59)INT(D1*D5*10+.5)/10
2160 LETI1=T
2170 LET B=B+I
2180 LET Z=(E-INT(B/100)*100)-60
2190 IF Z<0 THEN 1290
2200 LET B=INT(B/100)*100+100+Z
2210 GOTO 1290
2240 PRINT
2250 PRINT
2260 PRINT
2270 PRINT DO YOU WANT MORE INFORMATION?":
2280 INPUT D$
2290 IF D$="YES" THEN 650
2300 END
```

MOON LOCATION PROGRAM FOR RADIO SHACK TRS-80 DISK BASIC

```
340 DEFFNA(X)=INT(X*D5*10+.5)/10
 350 DEFFNE(X)=(X-INT(X))\timesP5
 360 LET P5=2.00000000000x3.1415926535
 370 LET D5=360.00000000000/P5
 380 LET R5=P5/360.0000000000
 390 FRINT WHAT IS THE LATITUDE IN DEGREES, MINUTES";
 400 INPUT L5,U5
 410 PRINT"WHAT IS THE LONGITUDE IN DEGREES, MINUTES";
 420 INPUT L6,U6
430 LET L5=(L5+U5/60)*R5
440 LET L6=(L6+U6/60)*R5
450 PRINT WHAT IS THE DESIRED PRINTING INCREMENT IN MINUTES";
460 INPUT I
470 PRINT DO YOU ONLY WANT PRINTOUT WHEN THE MOON IS NEAR THE HORIZON :;
480 INFUT E$
490 IF B$="YES" THEN 520
500 LET I6=100
510 GOTO 570
520 PRINT BELOW WHAT ELEV. IN DEGREES DO YOU WANT PRINTOUT TO OCCUR*;
530 INPUT 16$
540 PRINT"WHAT ARE THE GMT MONTH, DAY, YEAR DESIRED";
550 IF M=0 THEN END
560 GOTO 620
570 PRINT*WHAT ARE THE GMT MONTH, DAY, YEAR, TIME INTERVAL (BEGINNING, ENDING) DESIRE
D";
580 INPUT M,D,Y,B,E1
590 IF M=0 THEN END
600 IF B$="YES" THEN 620
610 GOTO 660
620 E1=2400
630 B=0
640 GOTO 660
650 LET Y1=Y-(INT(Y/100)*100)
660 PRINT
670 PRINT "POSITION OF MOON ON " ;M; "/";D; "/";Y; " ";B; "-";E1" GMT ="
680 PRINT
690 PRINT" GMT"; TAB(15) "AZ"; TAB(30) "EL"; TAB(45) "GHA"; TAB(60) "DEC"
700 PRINT" ---";TAB(15)"--";TAB(30)"--";TAB(45)"---";TAB(60)"---"
710 PRINT
720 LET I1=2
730 REM HERE BEGINS CALCULATION OF JULIAN DATE
740 IF M>=3 THEN 820
750 IF INT((Y-1853)/4)<11 THEN 780
760 LET C1=-1
770 GOTO 790
780 LET C1=0
790 LET J1=365*(Y-1853)+D+30*(M+9)+INT((M+10)/2)
800 LET J2=INT((Y-1853)/4)+1+C1
810 GOTO 930
820 IF INT((Y-1852)/4)<11 THEN 850
830 LET C1=-1
840 GOTO 860
850 LET C1=0
860 IF M=9 THEN 900
870 IF M=11 THEN 900
880 LET C2=0
890 GOTO 910
```

900 LET C2=1

```
910 J1=365*(Y-1852)+D+30*(M-3)+INT((M-2)/2)
920 LET J2=INT((Y-1852)/4)+C1+C2
930 LET J=J1+J2
940 REM (JULIAN DATE-2397547.5) FOR 0 HOURS GMT
950 LET T1=J-17472.5
960 LET D9 =(B-INT(B/100)*100)+INT(B/100)*60
970 LET D6=(E1-INT(E1/100)*100)+INT(E1/100)*60
980 LET D7=D9-D6
990 LET D8=D7-I
1000 IF D7>0 THEN 1020
1010 GOTO 1040
1020 IF D8>=0 THEN 1910
1030 LET B=E1
1040 LET T=(E-INT(E/100)*100)/1440+INT(E/100)/24
1050 LET T5=T1+T
1060 K1=FNB(,751213+,036601102*T5)
1070 K2=FNB(.822513+.0362916457*T5)
1080 K3=FNB(.995766+.00273777852*T5)
1090 K4=FNB(.974271+.0338631922*T5)
1100 K5=FNB(.0312525+.0367481957*T5)
1110 LET L8=K1+,658*R5*SIN(2*K4)+6,289*R5*SIN(K2)
1120 LET L8=L8-1.274*R5*SIN(K2-2*K4)-.186*R5*SIN(K3)
1130 LET L8=L8+,214*R5*SIN(2*K2)-,114*R5*SIN(2*K5)
1140 LET L8=L8-.059*R5*SIN(2*K2-2*K4)-.057*R5*SIN(K2+K3-2*K4)
1150 LET K6=K5+.6593*R5*SIN(2*K4)+6.2303*R5*SIN(K2)-1.272*R5*SIN(K2-2*K4)
1160 LET L7=5.144*R5*SIN(K6)-.146*R5*SIN(K5-2*K4)
1170 LET D1=COS(L7)*SIN(L8)*,397821+SIN(L7)*,917463
1180 LET D1=ATN(D1/(SQR(1-D142)))
1190 LET G1=50.5+((D1)/(.792))*D5
1200 LET G2=80+((D1)/(+808))*D5
1210 LET G3=141.5-((D1)*(.738)*D5)
1220 LET G4=170.5-((D1)*(.857)*D5)
1230 LET A2=COS(L7)*COS(L8)/COS(D1)
1240 LET A1=(COS(L7)*SIN(L8)*.917463-SIN(L7)*.397821)/COS(D1)
1250 LET A=ATN(A1/A2)
1260 GOSUB 1520
1270 LET R1=A
1280 LET L1=.065709822*T1
1290 LET L=T*24*1.002738+6.646055+(L1-INT(L1/24)*24)
1300 LET L=(L-INT(L/24)*24)
1310 LET G=(L/24)*P5-R1
1320 IF G<P5 THEN 1350
1330 G=G-P5
1340 COTO 1380
1350 IF G<0 THEN 1370
1360 GOTO 1380
1370 G=G+P5
1380 LET H=L6-G
1390 LET E3=COS(L5)*COS(H)*COS(D1)+SIN(D1)*SIN(L5)
1400 LET EZ=SQR(1-(E3*E3))
1410 LET E=ATN(E3/E2)
1420 IF E<0 THEN 1860
1430 IF E>I6*R5 THEN 1860
1440 LET A2=SIN(D1)/(CDS(L5)*CDS(E))
1450 LET A2=A2-(SIN(L5)/COS(L5))*(SIN(E)/COS(E))
1460 LET A1=SIN(L5)*SIN(D1)+COS(L5)*COS(D1)*COS(H)
1470 LET A1=(SIN(H)*COS(D1))/(SQR(1-A122))
1480 LET A=ATN(A1/A2)
```

```
1490 GOSUB 1520
 1500 GOTO 1670
 1510 REM
1520 IF A=0 THEN 1540
1530 GOTO 1580
1540 IF A2<0 THEN 1560
1550 GOTO 1660
1560 LET A=P5/2
1570 GOTO 1660
1580 IF A>0 THEN 1640
1590 IF A2<0 THEN 1620
1600 LET A=P5+A
1610 GOTO 1660
1620 LET A=P5+(A-P5/2)
1630 GOTO 1660
1640 IF A2>=0 THEN 1660
1650 LET A=A+P5/2
1660 RETURN
1670 IF(T-I1)>(2*I)/1440 THEN 1690
1680 GOTO 1700
1690 PRINT
1700 IF FNA(D1)<0 THEN 1830
1710 IF FNA(G)<G1 THEN 1830
1720 IF FNA(G)>G2 THEN 1740
1730 GOTO 1770
1740 IF FNA(G)<G3 THEN 1790
1750 IF FNA(G)>G4 THEN 1830
1760 GOTO 1810
1770 LET S$="U"
1780 GOTO 1840
1790 LET S$="W"
1800 GOTO 1840
1810 LET S$="J"
1820 GOTO 1840
1830 LET S#=" "
1840 PRINT(INT(B+,5));TAB(13)FNA(A);TAB(28)FNA(E);TAB(43)FNA(G);TAB(56)FNA(D1)S$
1850 LETT1=T
1860 LET B=B+I
1870 LET Z=(B-INT(B/100)*100)-60
1880 IF Z<0 THEN 960
1890 LET B=INT(B/100)*100+100+Z
1900 GOTO 960
1910 FRINT
1920 INPUT*DO YOU WANT MORE INFORMATION*;D$
1930 IF D$="YES" THEN 450
1940 END
1970 REM U=EUROPEAN UNIVERSAL WINDOW
1980 REM W=VE-W WINDOW
1990 REM J=JA-VK-ZL WINDOW
```

MOON AZ-EL ROUTINE FOR HP45

Allowing for Parallax

(May also be used for Great Circle bearing and distance calculations)

G.D. Wall ZE2KV

Moon Az-El Calculations

- Preliminary: (a) Longitude to STO 1 (degrees and decimals).

 Longitude East positive, West negative.
 - (b) Colatitude for North elevated pole to STO 2 (degrees and decimals).

Colat for northern latitudes = 90 - Lat

Colat for southern latitudes = 90 + Lat

(c) Horizontal Parallax to STO 3 (degrees and decimals). Obtain from the Nautical Almanac

Routine:

DMS+ **RCL** Note if less than Read in GHA (DMS) 1 + COS RCL 2 SIN ST₀ 90 **ENTER** 360* Х Read in DEC (DMS) North positive South negative DMS → 2 COS 6 RCL 5 COS ST0 ST0 5 SIN X RCL \cos^{-1} **ENTER** (STO 8) SIN **ENTER** STO Read Elevation 7 ST0 RCL 3 X CHS 90 RCL 5 RCL RCL х-у RCL 6 X CHS \cos^{-1} If * less than 360 Read Azimuth otherwise proceed Read Azimuth CHS 360 +

At Test Point * less than 360 means values of 180 through 270 to 360, and negative values through -90 to -180

Test:

Horizontal Parallax 56.4'

GHA 85° - 33.6'

Declination 13⁰ - 21.2' S

Read: Elevation 29.61⁰

Azimuth 140.61⁰

Great Circle calculations

- Home station data is entered into STO 1 and STO 2 as before.
 STO 3 is zero.
- 2. Enter the longitude of the distant point at GHA but with reversed sign, i.e., Long 120 W = 120 $^{\circ}$

Long
$$50 E = -50$$

- Enter the latitude of the distant point at DEC. Positive for North latitudes, negative for South.
- 4. Great Circle angular distance is stored at STO 8 for future use.
- 5. Bearing of the distant station is read at Azimuth.
- 6. Great Circle distance is then obtained:

RCL 8 69.057 x
$$\frac{\text{Read}}{\text{Read}}$$
 (in miles)

7. Part of the parallax correction routine is not used in the Great Circle calculations and may be omitted. Miss out the steps (RCL 3 Read Elevation x-y) but <u>roll down twice</u> after STO 7 and before RCL 6.

<u>Test</u>: Fresno 36° - 45' - 40" N; 119° - 47' - 10" W to Salisbury, Rhodesia 18°S; 31°E

Read: Bearing 62.77⁰ Distance 10235 miles

AZ/EL COORDINATES FOR THE SUN OR MOON USING THE T.I. 58/59 AND THE NAUTICAL ALMANAC

The following program supplies AZ/EL coordinates from any latitude/longitude for the sun or moon using the hourly GHA information presented in the Nautical Almanac. This program also allows for 15 minute increments between the hourly GHA's.

I. PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS

- A. To load the program press: 1) 2nd. CE
 - 2) 2nd. CMS
 - 3) 1 2nd. OP 17
 - 4) LRN

Begin at Step 000 and end at Step 228. (Note: The display will read 229 00 when completed.)

*IMPORTANT! MOONRISE: There are times at moonrise when the moon's GHA (per the Nautical Almanac) is $<300^{\circ}$. Only at these times the normal computed answer per the formula must be subtracted from 360° to give the proper azimuth. To allow the calculator to perform this step, a random number must be chosen which is greater than your moonset GHA but less than say 300° . This number is stored in program steps (82,83,84) (110,111,112) and (136,137,138). For example, my moonset is around 170° to 180° GHA so I used 200 as my number since it is less than 300° -

and - greater than my moonset GHA.

II. USER INSTRUCTIONS

A. Enter desired latitude in degrees, minutes, seconds and convert to decimal degrees; store answer in register 0.

EXAMPLE: 390 49' 37" would be entered as 39.4937

PRESS <u>DISPLAY</u>

1) 2nd. DMS 39.82694444

2) STO 00 same

B. Enter desired longitude in degrees, minutes, seconds and convert to decimal degrees; store answer in Register 1.

EXAMPLE: 76° 42' 30" would be entered as 76.4230

PRESS <u>DISPLAY</u>

1) 2nd. DMS 76.70833333

2) STO 01 same

- C. Press "E" This step is only done when the calculator is initially turned on <u>or</u> when the latitude/longitude has been changed.
- D. Enter hourly GHA in degrees, minutes, convert to decimal degrees; store in Register 2 and Register 6. EXAMPLE: Moon GHA at 1400 UTC on 10/16/79.

PRESS	DISPLAY
1) 9.599	9.599
2) 2nd. DMS	10.00833333
3) STO 03	same

E) Enter hourly declination in degrees, minutes and convert to decimal degrees; store in Register 3. (Note: "__" if southern declination)

EXAMPLE: Moon Declination at 1400 UTC on 10/16/79.

PRESS	DISPLAY
1) 9.599	9.599
2) 2nd. DMS	10.00833333
3) STO 03	same

	PRESS	DISPLAY
F)	1) A	Elevation (Ex. 60.06 ⁰)
	2) R/S	Azimuth (Ex. 185.9 ⁰)
G)	1) B	Elevation @ GHA +15 min. (Ex. 59.61°)
	2) R/S	Azimuth @ GHA +15 min. (Ex. 192.86°)
н)	1) C	Elevation @ GHA +30 min. (Ex. 58.84°)
	2) R/S	Azimuth @ GHA +30 min. (Ex. 199.59°)
I)	1) D	Elevation @ GHA +45 min. (Ex. 57.77°)
	2) R/S	Azimuth @ GHA +45 min. (Ex. 205.99°)

NOTE: Keys B^1 , C^1 , D^1 are used when tracking the sun. This program provides true bearing readings. If your antenna has been aligned at magnetic North a correction from magnetic to true North must be made \underline{or} the antenna should be aligned using the North Star. Once you are obtaining echoes from the moon any electrical shift in the antenna pattern will show up by comparing the calculator settings VRS. loudest echoes.

Brian M. Manns K3VGX 10/16/79

PROGRAM EQUATIONS

ELEVATION =
$$SIN^{-1}$$
 [(COS(GHA-LONG)COS.LAT. COS.DEC)+(SIN LAT.SIN DEC)]

AZIMUTH =
$$\left[\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\text{SIN DEC}}{\text{COS.EL.COS.LAT}} - (\text{TAN.LAT.TAN.EL})\right)\right]$$

ANTENNA BOORING +

PROGRAMMER BRIEN MANNS K3VGX DATE 10/16/77 Coding Form

A	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS		CODE		COMMENTS
43 RCL 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	CO		LBL	240.		43	SCC		[1	32	∀ ₹ †	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00											RCL	
Signar S			KCC			05	1				3	
01 65 X X			x>t			38	3				=	
01 65 X X		53	(06	∞	0			71	7/5	
01 65 X X		53				82	+			ें दि	₹5.7	
01 65 X X		43	RCL				0			75	1207	
01 1 32 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7		02	COS	3,40.		32	× < \t			32	2	
10	O.			~		43	RCL		12	25	+	
30 TAN 2NP 31 RS RST 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		43	RCL			00	3			:30	Ö	
55		00	0			95					× 2.t	
S3			TAN	~NP.		91	R15				DC:	
\$3		55	÷		07	75	R>1					
03 3 75 - 01 1 32 X2t 75 - 43 RCL 01 1 32 X2t 75 - 03 3 3 35 + 03 35 3 35 + 03 35 3 35 3 3		53			,	43	RCL			75	=	
03 3 75 - 01 1 32 X2t 75 - 43 RCL 01 1 32 X2t 75 - 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 3 5 + 03 3 5		43	RCL			02	2			74		
		03	3			85	+			91	2/5	
01	<i>c</i> 3	75	-			43	RCL		13	75	K'S'	
75 -	0 ~	43	K(L			32			"	43	RCL	
75 -			5			75	_			03	3	
75 -		38	SIN	200.		43	RCL				+	
75 -		54)			00	0				3	
02 2 338 51N 2NO. 30 730 75		54)		107	η5 43	PCI				0	
02 2 338 51N 2NO. 30 730 75			(03	3					
02 2 338 51N 2NO. 30 730 75		43	RCL			77	x=t	200.		00	0	
38 51N 2NO. 30 75 - 43 8CL 01 1 95 = 42 5TO 05 5 5 85 + 03 3 3 75 - 43 8CL 03 3 3 06 6 6 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		02	2	_		01		- RDR. 130	l	32	xzt	
53	03	38		ZNO.		30			14		PC(
03 3 75 - 43 RCL		65	×			43	RCL			01		
03 3 75 - 43 RCL		53	(03	3			75	=	
03 3 75 - 43 RCL		43	RCL			85	+			42	STO	
04 30 TRN 2HD. 05 02 2		03	3		27	00	0,74					
04 30 FRM 2 No. 85 + 15 32 X2t 85 + 2 No. 15 32 X2t 85 + 2 No. 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158			001				X < T					
04 30 FRM 2 No. 85 + 15 32 X2t 85 + 2 No. 15 32 X2t 85 + 2 No. 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158 168 158		143	KCC				RCC			In Marchania	6	
04 30 TRN 2ND. 35 1/x 25			,			01	77				0	
54) 54) 54) 35	04			240.					15			
54) 54) 554) 35			٧×							82	+	7,50
S4)			,							1		1100 00000
35			Ś								168	AUK. 160
22 /NV 2ND. 62 2 2ND. 65 5 65 62 67 X=t 2ND. 67 X=t 2ND. 67 X=t 2ND. 685 +			1/×		10		RCL			75	-	
05 02 2 77 X2+ 240. 01 1/7 > ADR. 117 06 0 MERGED CODES 62 10 72 10 10 83 GTD 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		22	INV				, 2	_				
05 02 2 77 X \geq t 2 2 00 0 0 0 0 0 0				ZNO.							E 3250	
05 02 2 97 X2+ 240.							117	> ADR. 117		1958		
77 X Z t 240. 00 070 ADR.070 02 2 85 + 62 15 15 72 150 161 83 1610 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153	05						_				MERGED COD	
00 070 ADR.070 85 + 64 10 74 SUM 100 92 INV SBR		77	x≥t	240.		43	RCL				72 STO 164	
TEVAS INSTRUMENTS			070	> ADR. 070			ス		_			92 INV SBR
75 - 00 0 TEARS INSTRUMENTS		75	_							TEXA	SINSTRU	MENTS

NINTENNA BOORING +

TITLE DISTRUCE BETWEN STRTIONS PAGE 2 OF 2 TI Programmable PROGRAMMER BRIAN MANNS K3VGX DATE 10/16/77 Coding Form

[100	Toons		T	11	т -			-		1910	
	CODE		COMMENTS	LOC			COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
16	3753605115	X-360=57 RST		27-	43 075 9 10 76 253 53	RC 1 = 15 R ST L B ()	245.				
17	45 75 0 00	1 RC 5 1 1 8 0			43 00 38 65 43 02	RCL SIN X RCL 2	Zuc.				
18	85 00 32 75 03	180+0t 1360		i 2	38 54 85 53 43) + (2)	3 hr.				
18	06 00 05 43 01 32	+ RCL 1 x3+		24	00 39 65 43 03 31	0 COS X RCL 2 COS	240. 240.				
19	85 43	+ RCL	240. DDR. 204	25	653 53 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 653 6	X (C C I - C C S) C C S	2 ND.				
20	00 32 75 43 01 95 91 81	0 x = t RCL = R/S RST RST			5444 3956693)) NV COS (9.	2 ND.				
3.1 1977 Inc.	75 43 85 08 00 85 08 75	RCL 3+180+0t X2+		26	00 04 06 08 95 91 81	0468115T RST U, RST,	CLR	62 :: 63 :: 64 :: T	EXAS	ERGED COD 72 STO 73 RCL 74 SUM INSTRU NCORPORATE	83 GTO 84 84 892 INV SBR